

BOROUGH OF EATONTOWN  
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, STATE OF NEW JERSEY

AN ORDINANCE IMPLEMENTING THE BOROUGH'S THIRD ROUND HOUSING PLAN ELEMENT AND FAIR SHARE PLAN  
CONSISTENT WITH THE TERMS OF A SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT REACHED BETWEEN THE BOROUGH OF EATONTOWN AND  
THE FAIR SHARE HOUSING CENTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEW JERSEY FAIR HOUSING ACT, AND RELEVANT  
REGULATIONS AND POLICIES ADOPTED BY THE NEW JERSEY COUNCIL ON AFFORDABLE HOUSING

**WHEREAS**, the Borough of Eatontown ("Borough") filed a Mt. Laurel declaratory judgment action in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law-Division bearing the caption In the Matter of the Borough of Application of the Borough of Eatontown, Docket No. MON-L-2522-15 following the New Jersey Supreme Court's decision in Mt. Laurel IV; and

**WHEREAS**, the Borough entered into a Settlement Agreement with Fair Share Housing Center on or about December 17, 2018 establishing the Borough's Third Round affordable housing obligation for the period 1999-2025 and the compliance mechanisms by which the Borough will meet its constitutional obligation to provide for its fair share of affordable housing; and

**WHEREAS**, the Court entered an order on April 25, 2019 approving the Settlement Agreement by and between the Borough and Fair Share Housing Center finding on a preliminary basis that the Settlement Agreement is fair to low and moderate-income households; and

**WHEREAS**, the Court Order approving the Settlement Agreement requires the Borough to adopt an affordable housing ordinance incorporating the requirements of the Fair Housing Act and its implementing regulations, including the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls and the laws and regulations concerning the into the Borough code;

**WHEREAS**, the Borough Council of the Borough of Eatontown finds it is in the best interest of the Borough to implement the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement and the requirements of the Court's order approving the Settlement Agreement.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED** by the Borough Council of the Borough of Eatontown, County of Monmouth, and State of New Jersey that Section 89-106 entitled "Affordable Housing Fees", Section 89-106.1 entitled "Affordable Housing Development Fees Required Pursuant to P.L. 2008, c. 46 and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act", Sections 89-106.2 entitled "Affordable Housing", and Section 89-106.4 entitled "Affordable Housing Requirements for Provisions Pursuant to Cycle Three Growth Share Regulations" are repealed in their entirety and replaced by new a Sections 89-106.1 entitled "Affordable Housing Regulations and Development Fee Regulations" which read as follows:

**Section 1.**

**89-106.1 Purpose**

- (a) This Ordinance is intended to assure that low-and moderate-income units ("affordable units") are created with controls on affordability and that low-and moderate-income households shall occupy these units. It shall also require the payment of residential and non-residential development fees in accordance with COAH regulations and the Fair Housing Act. This Ordinance shall apply except where inconsistent with applicable law.
- (b) The Borough of Eatontown Planning Board has adopted a Housing Plan Element and Fair Share Plan pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq. The Fair Share Plan has been adopted by the Planning Board and endorsed by the Governing Body. The Fair Share Plan describes how the Borough of Eatontown shall address its fair share for low-and moderate-income housing as documented in the Housing Element and outlined in the terms of the Settlement Agreement between the Borough of Eatontown and Fair Share Housing Center dated December 17, 2018 for the Borough's Third Round affordable housing obligation for the period 1999-2025.
- (c) This Ordinance implements the requirements of the Court and the terms of the Settlement Agreement.
- (d) The Borough of Eatontown shall track the status of the implementation of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan. Any plan evaluation report of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan shall be available to the public at the Borough's Municipal Building.

**Section 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

**89-106.1-1.1. Definitions**

"The following terms when used in this Ordinance shall have the meanings given in this Section:

" **'Act'** means the Fair Housing Act of 1985, P.L. 1985, c. 222 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.)

" **'Adaptable'** means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

" **'Administrative Agent'** means the entity designated by the Borough to administer affordable units in accordance with this

Ordinance, N.J.A.C. 5:93, and UHAC (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26).

**"Affirmative marketing"** means a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of affordable units pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

**"Affordability average"** means the average percentage of median income at which new restricted units in an affordable housing development are affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

**"Affordable"** means a sales price or rent level that is within the means of a very low, low- or moderate-income household as defined within N.J.A.C. 5:93-7.4, and, in the case of an ownership unit, that the sales price for the unit conforms to the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented, and, in the case of a rental unit, that the rent for the unit conforms to the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12, as may be amended and supplemented.

**"Affordable housing development"** means a development included in or approved pursuant to the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan or otherwise intended to address the Borough's fair share obligation, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a 100 percent affordable housing development.

**"Affordable housing program(s)"** means any mechanism in a municipal Fair Share Plan prepared or implemented to address a Borough's fair share obligation.

**"Affordable unit"** means a housing unit proposed or created pursuant to the Act, credited pursuant to applicable COAH regulations, the FSHC Settlement Agreement, or an order of the Superior Court.

**"Agency"** means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established by P.L. 1983, c. 530 (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-1, et seq.).

**"Age-restricted unit"** means a housing unit designed to meet the needs of, and exclusively for, the residents of an age-restricted segment of the population where the head of household is a minimum age of either 62 years, or 55 years and meets the provisions of the 42 U.S.C. § 3601 et seq., except that due to death, a remaining spouse of less than 55 years of age shall be permitted to continue to reside.

**"Alternative living arrangement"** means a structure in which households live in distinct bedrooms, yet share kitchen and plumbing facilities, central heat and common areas. Alternative living arrangements include, but are not limited to: transitional facilities for the homeless; Class A, B, C, D and E boarding homes as regulated by the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs; residential health care facilities as regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health; group homes for the developmentally disabled and mentally ill as licensed and/or regulated by the New Jersey Department of Human Services; and congregate living arrangements.

**"Assisted living residence"** means a facility that is licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to assure that assisted living services are available when needed for four or more adult persons unrelated to the proprietor and that offers units containing, at a minimum, one unfurnished room, a private bathroom, a kitchenette and a lockable door on the unit entrance.

**"Certified household"** means a household that has been certified by an Administrative Agent as a very low-income household, low-income household or moderate-income household.

**"COAH"** means the New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing and/or its successors and assigned pursuant to applicable laws.

**"DCA"** means the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

**"Deficient housing unit"** means a housing unit with health and safety code violations that requires the repair or replacement of a major system. A major system includes weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and/or load bearing structural systems.

**"Developer"** means any person, partnership, association, company or corporation that is the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or any land included in a proposed development including the holder of an option to contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

**"Development"** means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq.

**"Inclusionary development"** means a development containing both affordable units and market rate units. This term includes, but is not limited to new construction, the conversion of a non-residential structure to residential use and the creation of new affordable units through the gut rehabilitation or reconstruction of a vacant residential structure.

**"Low-income household"** means a household with a total gross annual household income equal to 50 percent or less of the median household income.

**"Low-income unit"** means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.

**"Major system"** means the primary structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, or occupant service components of a building which include but are not limited to, weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and load bearing structural systems.

**"Market-rate units"** means housing not restricted to very low, low, or moderate-income households that may sell or rent at any

price.

**"Median-income"** means the median income by household size for the applicable housing region, as updated annually by COAH or through a court-approved process.

**"Moderate-income household"** means a household with a total gross annual household income in excess of 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the median household income.

**"Moderate-income unit"** means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.

**"Multifamily unit"** means a structure containing five or more dwelling units.

**"Municipal Housing Liaison"** shall mean the employee charged by the Governing Body with the responsibility for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program for the Borough of Eatontown.

**"Non-exempt sale"** means any sale or transfer of ownership other than the transfer of ownership between husband and wife; the transfer of ownership between former spouses ordered as a result of a judicial decree of divorce or judicial separation, but not including sales to third parties; the transfer of ownership between family members as a result of inheritance; the transfer of ownership through an executor's deed to a class A beneficiary and the transfer of ownership by court order.

**"Random selection process"** means a process by which currently income-eligible households are selected for placement in affordable housing units such that no preference is given to one applicant over another except for purposes of matching household income and size with an appropriately priced and sized affordable unit (e.g., by lottery).

**"Regional asset limit"** means the maximum housing value in each housing region affordable to a four-person household with an income at 80 percent of the regional median as defined by duly adopted Regional Income Limits published annually by COAH, a successor entity, or established by the Court.

**"Rehabilitation"** means the repair, renovation, alteration or reconstruction of any building or structure, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.

**"Rent"** means the gross monthly cost of a rental unit to the tenant, including the rent paid to the landlord, as well as an allowance for tenant-paid utilities computed in accordance with allowances published by DCA for its Section 8 program. In assisted living residences, rent does not include charges for food and services.

**"Restricted unit"** means a dwelling unit, whether a rental unit or an ownership unit, that is subject to the affordability controls of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as amended and supplemented.

**"UHAC"** means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26, et seq.

**"Very low-income household"** means a household with a total gross annual household income equal to 30 percent or less of the median household income for the applicable housing region.

**"Very low-income unit"** means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very low-income household.

**"Weatherization"** means building insulation (for attic, exterior walls and crawl space), siding to improve energy efficiency, replacement storm windows, replacement storm doors, replacement windows and replacement doors, and is considered a major system for purposes of a rehabilitation program.

#### **89-106.1-1.2. Applicability**

1. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all affordable housing developments and affordable housing units that currently exist and that are proposed to be created within the Borough of Eatontown pursuant to the Borough's August 2019 Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
2. The following sections shall apply to all developments that contain affordable housing units, as defined herein, including any currently unanticipated future developments that will provide affordable housing units.

#### **89-106.1-1.3. Alternative Living Arrangements**

1. The administration of an alternative living arrangement shall be in compliance with N.J.A.C. 5:93-5.8 and UHAC, with the following exceptions:
  - a. Affirmative marketing (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15), provided, however, that the units or bedrooms may be affirmatively marketed by the provider in accordance with an alternative plan approved by the Court;
  - b. Affordability average and bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3).
2. With the exception of units established with capital funding through a 20-year operating contract with the Department of Human Services, Division of Developmental Disabilities, alternative living arrangements shall have at least 30-year controls on affordability in accordance with UHAC, unless an alternative commitment is approved by the Court.
3. The service provider for the alternative living arrangement shall act as the Administrative Agent for the purposes of administering the affirmative marketing and affordability requirements for the alternative living arrangement.

#### **89-106.1-1.4. Phasing Schedule for Inclusionary Zoning**

"In inclusionary developments the following schedule shall be followed:

Maximum Percentage of Market-Rate Units Completed	Minimum Percentage of Low- and Moderate-Income Units Completed
25	0
25+1	10
50	50
75	75
90	100
100	-

### 89-106.1-1.5. New Construction

#### 1. Low/Moderate Split and Bedroom Distribution of Affordable Housing Units:

"a. The fair share obligation shall be divided equally between low- and moderate-income units, except that where there is an odd number of affordable housing units, the extra unit shall be a low-income unit. At least 13 percent of all restricted rental units shall be very low-income units (affordable to a household earning 30 percent or less of median income). The very low-income units shall be counted as part of the required number of low income units within the development. At least 25 percent of the obligation shall be met through rental units, including at least half in rental units available to families. A maximum of 25 percent may be age restricted. At least half of the units in total shall be available to families.

b. In each affordable development, at least 50 percent of the restricted units within each bedroom distribution shall be low-income units.

c. Affordable developments that are not age-restricted shall be structured in conjunction with realistic market demands such that:

"1) The combined number of efficiency and one-bedroom units shall be no greater than 20 percent of the total affordable units;

"2) At least 30 percent of all affordable units shall be two-bedroom units;

"3) At least 20 percent of all affordable units shall be three-bedroom units; and

"4) The remaining units may be allocated among two and three-bedroom units at the discretion of the developer.

d. Affordable developments that are age-restricted shall be structured such that the number of bedrooms shall equal the number of age-restricted very low-, low- and moderate-income units within the inclusionary development. This standard may be met by having all one-bedroom units or by having a two-bedroom unit for each efficiency unit.

#### 2. Accessibility Requirements:

a. The first floor of all restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in all other multistory buildings shall be subject to the technical design standards of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7)

b. All restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in other multistory buildings in which a restricted dwelling unit is attached to at least one (1) other dwelling unit shall have the following features:

1) An adaptable toilet and bathing facility on the first floor; and

2) An adaptable kitchen on the first floor; and

3) An interior accessible route of travel on the first floor; and

4) An adaptable room that can be used as a bedroom, with a door or the casing for the installation of a door, on the first floor; and

5) If not all of the foregoing requirements in b.1) through b.4) can be satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel must be provided between stories within an individual unit, but if all of the terms of paragraphs b.1) through b.4) above have been satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel shall not be required between stories within an individual unit; and

6) An accessible entranceway as set forth at P.L. 2005, c. 350 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a, et seq.) and the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, or evidence that Eatontown has collected funds from the developer sufficient to make ten percent (10%) of the adaptable entrances in the development accessible:

a) Where a unit has been constructed with an adaptable entrance, upon the request of a person with disabilities who is purchasing or will reside in the dwelling unit, an accessible entrance shall be installed.

b) To this end, the builder of restricted units shall deposit funds within the Borough of Eatontown's Affordable Housing Trust Fund sufficient to install accessible entrances in ten percent (10%) of the affordable units that have been constructed with adaptable entrances.

c) The funds deposited under paragraph b)6) above shall be used by the Borough of Eatontown for the sole purpose of making the adaptable entrance of an affordable unit accessible when requested to do so by a person with a disability who occupies or intends to occupy the unit and requires an accessible entrance.

d) The developer of the restricted units shall submit a design plan and cost estimate to the Construction Official of the Borough of Eatontown for the conversion of adaptable to accessible entrances.

e) Once the Construction Official has determined that the design plan to convert the unit entrances from adaptable to accessible meet the requirements of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, and that the cost estimate of such conversion is reasonable, payment shall be made to the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund in care of the Borough Chief Financial Officer who shall ensure that the funds are deposited into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and appropriately earmarked.

7) Full compliance with the foregoing provisions shall not be required where an entity can demonstrate that it is "site impracticable" to meet the requirements. Determinations of site impracticability shall be in compliance with the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

### 3. Design:

a. In inclusionary developments, very low, low- and moderate-income units (also to be called "affordable units") shall be integrated with the market units to the extent possible.

b. In inclusionary developments, affordable units shall have access to all of the same common elements and facilities as the market units.

### 4. Maximum Rents and Sales Prices:

a. In establishing rents and sales prices of affordable housing units, the Administrative Agent shall follow the procedures set forth in UHAC, utilizing the most recently published regional weighted average of the uncapped Section 8 income limits published by HUD.

b. The maximum rent for restricted rental units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60 (60%) percent of median income, and the average rent for restricted rental units shall be affordable to households earning no more than 52 percent (52%) of median income.

c. The developers and/or municipal sponsors of restricted rental units shall establish at least one (1) rent for each bedroom type for very low, low-income and moderate-income units, provided that at least thirteen (13%) percent of all low- and moderate-income rental units shall be affordable to very low-income households, earning thirty percent (30%) or less of the regional median household income.

d. The maximum sales price of restricted ownership units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than seventy percent (70%) of median income, and each affordable development must achieve an affordability average of fifty-five percent (55 %) for restricted ownership units; in achieving this affordability average, moderate-income ownership units must be available for at least three (3) different sales prices for each bedroom type, and low-income ownership units must be available for at least two (2) different sales prices for each bedroom type.

e. In determining the initial sales prices and rent levels for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units other than assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:

- 1) A studio shall be affordable to a one (1) person household;
- 2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half (1.5) person household;
- 3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three (3) person household;
- 4) A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a four and one-half (4.5) person household; and
- 5) A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person (6) household

f. In determining the initial sales prices and rents for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units in assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:

- 1) A studio shall be affordable to a one-person (1) household;
- 2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half (1.5) person household; and
- 3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a two-person household (2) or to two (2) one-person households.

g. The initial purchase price for all restricted ownership units shall be calculated so that the monthly carrying cost of the unit, including principal and interest (based on a mortgage loan equal to 95 percent of the purchase price and the FreddieMac 30-Year Fixed-Rate mortgage rate (formerly Federal Reserve H.15), taxes, homeowner

and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees do not exceed 28 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the price shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.

h. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so as not to exceed thirty percent (30%) of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household, including an allowance for tenant paid utilities, as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the rent shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.

i. Income limits for all units that are part of the Borough's Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and for which income limits are not already established through a federal program exempted from the UHAC pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, shall be updated by the Borough annually within sixty (60) days of the publication of determinations of median income by HUD as follows:

1.) Regional income limits shall be established for Region 4 based on the median income by household size, which shall be established by a regional weighted average of the uncapped Section 8 income limits published by HUD. To compute this regional income limit, the HUD determination of median county income for a family of four is multiplied by the estimated households within the county according to the most recent decennial Census. The resulting product for each county within the housing region is summed. The sum is divided by the estimated total households from the most recent decennial Census in the Borough's housing region. This quotient represents the regional weighted average of median income for a household of four. The income limit for a moderate-income unit for a household of four shall be 80 percent of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. The income limit for a low-income unit for a household of four shall be 50 percent of the HUD determination of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. The income limit for a very low-income unit for a household of four shall be 30 percent of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. These income limits shall be adjusted by household size based on multipliers used by HUD to adjust median income by household size. In no event shall the income limits be less than those for the previous year.

j. The income limits are the result of applying the percentages set forth in paragraph i.1. above to HUD's determination of median income for the current Fiscal Year and shall be utilized by the Borough until the Borough updates the income limits after HUD has published revised determinations of median income for the next fiscal year.

k. The Regional Asset Limit used in determining an applicant's eligibility for affordable housing pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16(b)3 shall be calculated by the Borough annually by taking the percentage increase of the income limits calculated pursuant to paragraph i.1. above over the previous year's income limits and applying the same percentage increase to the Regional Asset Limit from the prior year. In no event shall the Regional Asset Limit be less than that for the previous year.

#### **89-106.1-1.6. MINIMUM FLOOR AREA REQUIREMENTS FOR LOW AND MODERATE-INCOME HOUSING UNITS.**

The minimum floor area requirements for low and moderate-income housing units shall be as follows:

Unit Type	Minimum Floor Area
0 Bedroom Unit (studio)	500 sq. ft.
1 Bedroom Unit	675 sq. ft.
2 Bedroom Unit	900 sq. ft.
3 Bedroom Unit	1100 sq. ft.

#### **89-106.1-1.7 UTILITIES**

1. Affordable units shall utilize the same type of heating source as market units within an inclusionary development.
2. Tenant-paid utilities included in the utility allowance shall be set forth in the lease and shall be consistent with the utility allowance approved by DCA for its Section 8 program.

#### **89-106.1-1.8 OCCUPANCY STANDARDS**

In referring certified households to specific restricted units, the Administrative Agent shall, to the extent feasible and without causing an undue delay in the occupancy of a unit, strive to:

1. Provide an occupant for each bedroom;
2. Provide children of different sexes with separate bedrooms;
3. Provide separate bedrooms for parents and children; and
4. Prevent more than two (2) persons from occupying a single bedroom.

#### **89-106.1-1.9 CONTROL PERIODS FOR RESTRICTED OWNERSHIP UNITS AND ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS.**

1. Control periods for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.5, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted ownership unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least thirty (30) years, until the Borough of Eatontown takes action to release the unit from such requirements; prior to such action, a restricted ownership unit must remain subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented.
2. The affordability control period for a restricted ownership unit shall commence on the date the initial certified household takes title to the unit.
3. Prior to the issuance of the initial certificate of occupancy for a restricted ownership unit and upon each successive sale during the period of restricted ownership, the Administrative Agent shall determine the restricted price for the unit and shall also determine the non-restricted, fair market value of the unit based on either an appraisal or the unit's equalized assessed value without the restrictions in place.
4. At the time of the initial sale of the unit, the initial purchaser shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent a recapture note obligating the purchaser (as well as the purchaser's heirs, successors and assigns) to repay the Borough, upon the first non-exempt sale after the unit's release from the restrictions set forth in this Ordinance, an amount equal to the difference between the unit's non-restricted fair market value and its restricted price, and the recapture note shall be secured by a recapture lien evidenced by a duly recorded mortgage on the unit.
5. The affordability controls set forth in this Section shall remain in effect despite the entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure with respect to restricted ownership units.
6. A restricted ownership unit shall be required to obtain a Continuing Certificate of Occupancy or a certified statement from the Construction Official stating that the unit meets all Code standards upon the first transfer of title following the removal of the restrictions provided under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.5(a), as may be amended and supplemented.

#### **89-106.1-1.10 PRICE RESTRICTIONS FOR RESTRICTED OWNERSHIP UNITS, HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATION FEES AND RESALE PRICES**

Price restrictions for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented, including:

1. The initial purchase price for a restricted ownership unit shall be approved by the Administrative Agent.
2. The Administrative Agent shall approve all resale prices, in writing and in advance of the resale, to assure compliance with the foregoing standards.
3. The master deeds of inclusionary developments shall provide no distinction between the condominium or homeowner association fees and special assessments paid by very low, low- and moderate-income purchasers and those paid by market purchasers.
4. The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of anticipated capital improvements. Eligible capital improvements shall be those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or the addition of a bathroom. See Section 35-606-10.

#### **89-106.1-1.11 BUYER INCOME ELIGIBILITY**

1. Buyer income eligibility for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented, such that low-income ownership units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50 percent of median income and moderate-income ownership units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80 percent of median income. In addition, in accordance with the A500 ACS amendment to the Act, very low-income ownership units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30 percent of median income,
2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, the Administrative Agent may, upon approval by the Borough Committee, and subject to the Court's approval, permit moderate-income purchasers to buy low-income units in housing markets if the Administrative Agent determines that there are an insufficient number of eligible low-income purchasers to permit prompt occupancy of the units. All such low-income units to be sold to moderate-income households shall retain the required pricing and pricing restrictions for low-income units.
3. A certified household that purchases a restricted ownership unit must occupy it as the certified household's principal

residence and shall not lease the unit; provided, however, that the Administrative Agent may permit the owner of a restricted ownership unit, upon application and a showing of hardship, to lease the restricted unit to another certified household for a period not to exceed one year.

4. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted ownership unit when the household is a low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the estimated monthly housing cost for the particular unit (including principal, interest, taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees, as applicable) does not exceed 33 percent of the household's eligible monthly income.

#### **89-106.1-1.12 LIMITATIONS ON INDEBTEDNESS SECURED BY OWNERSHIP UNIT; SUBORDINATION.**

1. Prior to incurring any indebtedness to be secured by a restricted ownership unit, the owner shall apply to the Administrative Agent for a determination in writing that the proposed indebtedness complies with the provisions of this Section, and the Administrative Agent shall issue such determination prior to the owner incurring such indebtedness.

2. With the exception of First Purchase Money Mortgages, neither an owner nor a lender shall at any time cause or permit the total indebtedness secured by a restricted ownership unit to exceed 95 percent of the maximum allowable resale price of the unit, as such price is determined by the Administrative Agent in accordance with N.J.A.C.5:80-26.6(b).

#### **89-106.1-1.13 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS TO OWNERSHIP UNITS**

1. The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of capital improvements made since the purchase of the unit. Eligible capital improvements shall be those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or that adds an additional bathroom. In no event shall the maximum sales price of an improved housing unit exceed the limits of affordability for the larger household.

2. Upon the resale of a restricted ownership unit, all items of property that are permanently affixed to the unit or were included when the unit was initially restricted (for example, refrigerator, range, washer, dryer, dishwasher, wall-to-wall carpeting) shall be included in the maximum allowable resale price. Other items may be sold to the purchaser at a reasonable price that has been approved by the Administrative Agent at the time of the signing of the agreement to purchase. The purchase of central air conditioning installed subsequent to the initial sale of the unit and not included in the base price may be made a condition of the unit resale provided the price, which shall be subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation, has been approved by the Administrative Agent. Unless otherwise approved by the Administrative Agent, the purchase of any property other than central air conditioning shall not be made a condition of the unit resale. The owner and the purchaser must personally certify at the time of closing that no unapproved transfer of funds for the purpose of selling and receiving property has taken place at the time of or as a condition of resale.

#### **89-106.1-1.14 CONTROL PERIOD FOR RESTRICTED RENTAL UNITS**

1. Control periods for restricted rental units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least thirty (30) years, until Eatontown takes action to release the unit from such requirements. Prior to such action, a restricted rental unit must remain subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented.

2. Deeds of all real property that include restricted rental units shall contain deed restriction language. The deed restriction shall have priority over all mortgages on the property, and the deed restriction shall be filed by the developer or seller with the records office of the County of Monmouth. The deed shall also identify each affordable unit by apartment number and/or address and whether that unit is designated as a very low, low or moderate-income unit. Neither the unit nor its affordability designation shall change throughout the term of the deed restriction. A copy of the filed document shall be provided to the Administrative Agent within thirty (30) days of the receipt of a Certificate of Occupancy.

3. A restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the affordability controls of this Section despite the occurrence of any of the following events:

- a. Sublease or assignment of the lease of the unit;
- b. Sale or other voluntary transfer of the ownership of the unit; or
- c. The entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure on the property containing the unit.

#### **89-106.1-1.15 RENT RESTRICTIONS FOR RENTAL UNITS; LEASES**

1. A written lease shall be required for all restricted rental units and tenants shall be responsible for security deposits and the full amount of the rent as stated on the lease. A copy of the current lease for each restricted rental unit shall be

provided to the Administrative Agent.

2. No additional fees or charges shall be added to the approved rent (except, in the case of units in an assisted living residence, to cover the customary charges for food and services) without the express written approval of the Administrative Agent.

3. Application fees (including the charge for any credit check) shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the monthly rent of the applicable restricted unit and shall be payable to the Developer and/or Landlord or to the Administrative Agent, to be applied only to the costs of administering the controls applicable to the unit as set forth in this Ordinance.

4. No rent control ordinance or other pricing restriction shall be applicable to either the market units or the affordable units in any development in which at least 15 percent (15%) of the total number of dwelling units are restricted rental units in compliance with this Ordinance.

#### **89-106-1.16 TENANT INCOME ELIGIBILITY**

1. Tenant income eligibility shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13, as may be amended and supplemented, and shall be determined as follows:

a. Very low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30 percent of median income by household size.

b. Low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50 percent of median income by household size.

c. Moderate-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80 percent of median income by household size. "2. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted rental unit when the household is a very low-income household, low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the rent proposed for the unit does not exceed thirty-five percent (35%) (forty percent (40%) for age-restricted units) of the household's eligible monthly income as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:

a. The household currently pays more thirty-five percent (35%) (forty percent (40%) for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent, and the proposed rent will reduce its housing costs;

b. The household has consistently paid more than thirty-five percent (35%) (forty percent (40%) for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;

c. The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;

d. The household documents the existence of assets with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or

e. The household documents reliable anticipated third-party assistance from an outside source such as a family member in a form acceptable to the Administrative Agent and the owner of the unit.

3. The applicant shall file documentation sufficient to establish the existence of the circumstances in 2.a. through 2.e. above with the Administrative Agent, who shall counsel the household on budgeting.

#### **89-106.1-1.17 MUNICIPAL HOUSING LIAISON**

1. The Borough of Eatontown shall appoint a specific municipal employee to serve as a Municipal Housing Liaison responsible for administering the affordable housing program, including affordability controls, the Affirmative Marketing Plan, monitoring and reporting, and, where applicable, supervising any contracted Administrative Agent. Eatontown shall adopt an Ordinance creating the position of Municipal Housing Liaison. Eatontown shall adopt a Resolution appointing a Municipal Housing Liaison. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be appointed by the governing body and may be a full or part time municipal employee of Eatontown. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be reported to the Superior Court and thereafter posted on the Borough website and shall be duly qualified through a training program sponsored by Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey before assuming the duties of Municipal Housing Liaison.

2. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be responsible for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program for the Borough of Eatontown, including the following responsibilities which may not be contracted out to the Administrative Agent:

a. Serving as Eatontown's primary point of contact for all inquiries from the State, affordable housing providers, Administrative Agents and interested households;

b. The implementation of the Affirmative Marketing Plan and affordability controls;

c. When applicable, supervising any contracting Administrative Agent;

d. Monitoring the status of all restricted units in Eatontown's Fair Share Plan;

e. Compiling, verifying and submitting annual monitoring reports as may be required by the Court;

f. Coordinating meetings with affordable housing providers and Administrative Agents, as needed; and

g. Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring and affirmative marketing as offered or approved by the Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey (AHPNJ), if such continuing education opportunities are made available by COAH or the DCA.

3. Subject to the approval of the Court, the Borough of Eatontown shall designate one or more Administrative Agent(s) to administer and the affirmatively market the affordable units constructed in the Borough in accordance with UHAC and this Section. An Operating Manual for each affordable housing program shall be provided by the Administrative Agent(s) to be adopted by resolution of the governing body and subject to approval of the Court. The Operating Manual(s) shall be available for public inspection in the office of the Borough Clerk, in the office of the Municipal Housing Liaison, and in the office(s) of the Administrative Agent(s). The Municipal Housing Liaison shall supervise the contracting Administrative Agent(s).

#### **89-106.1-1.18 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT**

The Administrative Agent may be an independent entity serving under contract to and reporting to the Borough. For new sale and rental developments, all of the fees of the Administrative Agent shall be paid by the owners of the affordable units for which the services of the Administrative Agent are required. For resales, single family homeowners and condominium homeowners shall be required to pay three percent of the sales price for services provided by the Administrative Agent related to the resale of their homes. That fee shall be collected at closing and paid directly to the Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent shall perform the duties and responsibilities of an Administrative Agent as set forth in UHAC, including those set forth in Sections 5:80-26.14, 16 and 18 thereof, which include:

1. Affirmative Marketing:

- a. Conducting an outreach process to affirmatively market affordable housing units in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the Borough of Eatontown and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15; and
- b. Providing counseling or contracting to provide counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.

2. Household Certification:

- a. Soliciting, scheduling, conducting and following up on interviews with interested households;
- b. Conducting interviews and obtaining sufficient documentation of gross income and assets upon which to base a determination of income eligibility for a low- or moderate-income unit;
- c. Providing written notification to each applicant as to the determination of eligibility or non-eligibility;
- d. Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the form, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificates set forth in Appendices J and K of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.;
- e. Creating and maintaining a referral list of eligible applicant households living in the housing region and eligible applicant households with members working in the housing region where the units are located;
- f. Employing a random selection process as provided in the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the Borough of Eatontown when referring households for certification to affordable units; and
- g. Notifying the following entities of the availability of affordable housing units in the Borough of Eatontown: FSHC, the New Jersey State Conference of the NAACP, the Trenton, Red Bank, Asbury Park/Neptune, Bayshore, Greater Freehold, and Greater Long Branch branches of the NAACP, Shiloh Baptist Church, the Latino Action Network, and the , Supportive Housing Association.

3. Affordability Controls:

- a. Furnishing to attorneys or closing agents forms of deed restrictions and mortgages for recording at the time of conveyance of title of each restricted unit;
- b. Creating and maintaining a file on each restricted unit for its control period, including the recorded deed with restrictions, recorded mortgage and note, as appropriate;
- c. Ensuring that the removal of the deed restrictions and cancellation of the mortgage note are effectuated and properly filed with the Monmouth County Register of Deeds or County Clerk's office after the termination of the affordability controls for each restricted unit;
- d. Communicating with lenders regarding foreclosures; and
- e. Ensuring the issuance of Continuing Certificates of Occupancy or certifications pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.10.

4. Resales and Re-rentals:

- a. Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information between owners and the Administrative Agent regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental; and

- b. Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information to low- and moderate-income households regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental.
- 5. Processing Requests from Unit Owners:
  - "a. Reviewing and approving requests for determination from owners of restricted units who wish to take out home equity loans or refinance during the term of their ownership that the amount of indebtedness to be incurred will not violate the terms of this Section;
  - "b. Reviewing and approving requests to increase sales prices from owners of restricted units who wish to make capital improvements to the units that would affect the selling price, such authorizations to be limited to those improvements resulting in additional bedrooms or bathrooms and the depreciated cost of central air conditioning systems;
  - "c. Notifying the Borough of an owner's intent to sell a restricted unit; and
  - "d. Making determinations on requests by owners of restricted units for hardship waivers.
- 6. Enforcement:
  - a. Securing annually from the Borough a list of all affordable housing units for which tax bills are mailed to absentee owners, and notifying all such owners that they must either move back to their unit or sell it;
  - b. Securing from all developers and sponsors of restricted units, at the earliest point of contact in the processing of the project or development, written acknowledgement of the requirement that no restricted unit can be offered, or in any other way committed, to any person, other than a household duly certified to the unit by the Administrative Agent;
  - c. The posting annually in all rental properties, including two-family homes, of a notice as to the maximum permitted rent together with the telephone number of the Administrative Agent where complaints of excess rent or other charges can be made;
  - d. Sending annual mailings to all owners of affordable dwelling units, reminding them of the notices and requirements outlined in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.18(d)4;
  - e. Establishing a program for diverting unlawful rent payments to the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund; and
  - f. Creating and publishing a written operating manual for each affordable housing program administered by the Administrative Agent, to be approved by the Borough Committee and the Court, setting forth procedures for administering the affordability controls.
- 7. Additional Responsibilities:
  - a. The Administrative Agent shall have the authority to take all actions necessary and appropriate to carry out its responsibilities hereunder.
  - b. The Administrative Agent shall prepare monitoring reports for submission to the Municipal Housing Liaison in time to meet any monitoring requirements and deadlines imposed by the Court.
  - c. The Administrative Agent shall attend continuing education sessions on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing at least annually and more often as needed.

#### **89-106.1-1.19 AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. The Borough of Eatontown shall adopt by resolution an Affirmative Marketing Plan, subject to approval of the Court that is compliant with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15, as may be amended and supplemented.
- 2. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age or number of children to housing units which are being marketed by a developer, sponsor or owner of affordable housing. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is intended to target those potentially eligible persons who are least likely to apply for affordable units in that region. It is a continuing program that directs marketing activities toward Housing Region 4 and is required to be followed throughout the period of restriction.
- 3. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall provide a regional preference for all households that live and/or work in Housing Region 4, comprised of Mercer, Monmouth and Ocean Counties.
- 4. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall provide a veterans preference for all households that live and/or work in Housing Region 4, comprised of Mercer, Monmouth and Ocean Counties. All rules will be in accordance with C. 52:27D-311(j).
- 5. The Borough has the ultimate responsibility for adopting the Affirmative Marketing Plan and for the proper administration of the Affirmative Marketing Program, including initial sales and rentals and resales and re-rentals. The Administrative Agent designated by the Borough of Eatontown shall implement the Affirmative Marketing Plan to assure the affirmative marketing of all affordable units.
- 6. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the Administrative Agent shall provide a list of counseling services to

low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.

7. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall describe the media to be used in advertising and publicizing the availability of housing. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the Administrative Agent shall consider the use of language translations where appropriate.

8. The affirmative marketing process for available affordable units shall begin at least four months (120 days) prior to the expected date of occupancy.

9. Applications for affordable housing shall be available in several locations, including, at a minimum, the County Administration Building and/or the County Library for each county within the housing region; the municipal administration building and the municipal library in the Borough in which the units are located; and the developer's rental office. Pre-applications shall be emailed or mailed to prospective applicants upon request.

10. The costs of advertising and affirmative marketing of the affordable units shall be the responsibility of the developer, sponsor or owner.

#### **89-106.1-1.20 ENFORCEMENT OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING REGULATIONS**

1. Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable unit by an Owner, Developer or Tenant, the Borough shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, tenant eviction, a requirement for household recertification, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recuperation of any funds from a sale in violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.

2. After providing written notice of a violation to an Owner, Developer or Tenant of a low- or moderate-income unit and advising the Owner, Developer or Tenant of the penalties for such violations, the Borough may take the following action(s) against the Owner, Developer or Tenant for any violation that remains uncured for a period of 60 days after service of the written notice:

a. The Borough may file a court action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:58-11 alleging a violation or violations of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. If the Owner, Developer or Tenant is adjudged by the Court to have violated any provision of the regulations governing affordable housing units the Owner, Developer or Tenant shall be subject to one or more of the following penalties, at the discretion of the Court:

1) A fine of not more than \$2,000.00 per day or imprisonment for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both, provided that each and every day that the violation continues or exists shall be considered a separate and specific violation of these provisions and not a continuation of the initial offense;

2) In the case of an Owner who has rented a very low, low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment into the Borough of Eatontown Affordable Housing Trust Fund of the gross amount of rent illegally collected;

3) In the case of an Owner who has rented a very low, low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment of an innocent tenant's reasonable relocation costs, as determined by the Court.

b. The Borough may file a court action in the Superior Court seeking a judgment that would result in the termination of the Owner's equity or other interest in the unit, in the nature of a mortgage foreclosure. Any such judgment shall be enforceable as if the same were a judgment of default of the First Purchase Money Mortgage and shall constitute a lien against the low- or moderate-income unit.

1) The judgment shall be enforceable, at the option of the Borough, by means of an execution sale by the Sheriff, at which time the low- and moderate-income unit of the violating Owner shall be sold at a sale price which is not less than the amount necessary to fully satisfy and pay off any First Purchase Money Mortgage and prior liens and the costs of the enforcement proceedings incurred by the Borough, including attorney's fees. The violating Owner shall have his right to possession terminated as well as his title conveyed pursuant to the Sheriff's sale.

2) The proceeds of the Sheriff's sale shall first be applied to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage lien and any prior liens upon the low- and moderate-income unit. The excess, if any, shall be applied to reimburse the Borough for any and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with either the court action resulting in the judgment of violation or the Sheriff's sale. In the event that the proceeds from the Sheriff's sale are insufficient to reimburse the Borough in full as aforesaid, the violating Owner shall be personally responsible for the full extent of such deficiency, in addition to any and all costs incurred by the Borough in connection with collecting such deficiency. In the event that a surplus remains after satisfying all of the above, such surplus, if any, shall be placed in escrow by the Borough for the Owner

and shall be held in such escrow for a maximum period of two years or until such earlier time as the Owner shall make a claim with the Borough for such. Failure of the Owner to claim such balance within the two-year period shall automatically result in a forfeiture of such balance to the Borough. Any interest accrued or earned on such balance while being held in escrow shall belong to and shall be paid to the Borough, whether such balance shall be paid to the Owner or forfeited to the Borough.

3) Foreclosure by the Borough due to violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units shall not extinguish the restrictions of the regulations governing affordable housing units as the same apply to the low- and moderate-income unit. Title shall be conveyed to the purchaser at the Sheriff's sale, subject to the restrictions and provisions of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. The Owner determined to be in violation of the provisions of this plan and from whom title and possession were taken by means of the Sheriff's sale shall not be entitled to any right of redemption.

4) If there are no bidders at the Sheriff's sale, or if insufficient amounts are bid to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens, the Borough may acquire title to the low- and moderate-income unit by satisfying the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and crediting the violating owner with an amount equal to the difference between the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and costs of the enforcement proceedings, including legal fees and the maximum resale price for which the low- and moderate-income unit could have been sold under the terms of the regulations governing affordable housing units. This excess shall be treated in the same manner as the excess which would have been realized from an actual sale as previously described.

5) Failure of the low- and moderate-income unit to be either sold at the Sheriff's sale or acquired by the Borough shall obligate the Owner to accept an offer to purchase from any qualified purchaser which may be referred to the Owner by the Borough, with such offer to purchase being equal to the maximum resale price of the low- and moderate-income unit as permitted by the regulations governing affordable housing units.

"6) The Owner shall remain fully obligated, responsible and liable for complying with the terms and restrictions of governing affordable housing units until such time as title is conveyed from the Owner.

#### **89-106.1-1.21 APPEALS**

Appeals from all decisions of an Administrative Agent appointed pursuant to this Ordinance shall be filed in writing with the Court.

#### **89-106.1-2 DEVELOPMENT FEES FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING.**

##### **2.1. Purpose.**

a. In *Holmdel Builder's Ass'n v. Holmdel Borough*, 121 N.J. 550 (1990), the New Jersey Supreme Court determined that mandatory development fees are authorized by the Fair Housing Act of 1985, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq., and the State Constitution, subject to the Council On Affordable Housing's (COAH) adoption of rules.

b. Pursuant to P.L.2008, c.46 section 8 (C. 52:27D-329.2) and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (C. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7), COAH is authorized to adopt and promulgate regulations necessary for the establishment, implementation, review, monitoring and enforcement of municipal affordable housing trust funds and corresponding spending plans. Municipalities that are under the jurisdiction of the Council or court of competent jurisdiction and have a COAH approved spending plan may retain fees collected from non-residential development.

c. This section establishes standards for the collection, maintenance and expenditure of development fees pursuant to COAH's rules and in accordance P.L.2008, c.46, sections 8 and 32-38. Fees collected pursuant to this ordinance shall be used for the sole purpose of providing very low, low and moderate income housing. This ordinance shall be interpreted within the framework of COAH's rules on development fees, codified at N.J.A.C. 5:97-8.

##### **2.2 Basic Requirements.**

a. This section shall not be effective until approved by the Court, COAH, or a successor agency.

b. The Borough of Eatontown shall not spend development fees until the Court, COAH, or a successor agency has approved a plan for spending such fees (Spending Plan).

##### **2.3. Definitions.**

a. The following terms, as used in this section, shall have the following meanings:

**"Affordable Housing Development"**. A development included in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a one hundred percent (100%) affordable

development.

**"COAH or the Council."** The New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing and/or its successors and assigned pursuant to applicable laws.

**"Development Fee"** Money paid by a developer for the improvement of property as permitted by applicable COAH regulations.

**"Developer"** The legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

**"Equalized Assessed Value"** The assessed value of a property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true value for the Borough in which the property is situated, as determined in accordance with sections 1, 5, and 6 of P.L. 1973, c. 123 (C.54:135a through C.54:1-35c).

**"Green Building Strategies"** Those strategies that minimize the impact of development on the environment, and enhance the health, safety and well-being of residents by producing durable, low-maintenance, resource-efficient housing while making optimum use of existing infrastructure and community services.

## 2.4. Residential Development Fees.

### a. Imposition of Fees

1. Within the Borough of Eatontown, all residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted below, shall pay a fee of one and a half (1.5%) percent of the equalized assessed value for residential development provided no increased density is permitted. Development fees shall also be imposed and collected when an additional dwelling unit is added to an existing residential structure; in such cases, the fee shall be calculated based on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the property due to the additional dwelling unit.

2. When an increase in residential density pursuant to a "d" variance is granted under N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(5) (known as a "d" variance), developers shall be required to pay a "bonus" development fee of six (6%) percent of the equalized assessed value for each additional unit that may be realized, except that this provision shall not be applicable to a development that will include affordable housing. If the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base density for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest density permitted by right during the two-year period preceding filing of the "d" variance application. Example: If an approval allows four (4) units to be constructed on a site that was zoned for two (2) units, the development fees will equal one and one-half (1 1/2%) percent of the equalized assessed value on the first two (2) units; and six (6%) percent of the equalized assessed value for the two (2) non-age-restricted additional units, provided zoning on the site has not changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application.

### b. Eligible Exactions, Ineligible Exactions and Exemptions for Residential Development.

1). Affordable housing developments and developments where the developer is providing for the construction of affordable units elsewhere in the Borough, if permitted by Ordinance or by Agreement with the Borough of Eatontown, shall be exempt from development fees.

2). Developments that have received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to the adoption of the first development fee ordinance shall be exempt from development fees, unless the developer seeks a substantial change in the approval. Where a site plan approval is not applicable, the issuance of a zoning and/or building permit shall be synonymous with preliminary or final site plan approval for the purpose of determining the right to exemption. In all cases, the applicable fee percentage shall be determined based upon the Development Fee Ordinance in effect on the date that building permit is issued.

3). In addition to the construction of new principal and/or accessory buildings, development fees shall be imposed and collected when an existing structure is demolished and replaced, if the expansion is not otherwise exempt from the development fee requirement. The development fee shall be calculated on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the new structure. Furthermore:

(a) No development fee shall be collected for a demolition and replacement of a residential building resulting from a natural disaster.

(b) No development fee shall be collected for the construction of an "accessory structure" which is not a "building" as these terms are defined in the Eatontown Borough "Land Use Regulations" Ordinance.

4). Nonprofit organizations which have received tax-exempt status pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, providing current evidence of that status is submitted to the Municipal Clerk, together with a certification that services of the organization are provided at reduced rates to those who establish an inability to pay existing charges, shall be exempted from paying a development fee.

5). Federal, state, county, and local governments shall be exempted from paying a development fee.

## **2.5. Nonresidential Development Fees.**

### **a. Imposition of Fees**

- 1). Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted below, shall pay a fee equal to two and one-half (2.5) percent of the increase in equalized assessed value of the land and improvements, for all new nonresidential construction on an unimproved lot or lots.
- 2). Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall also pay a fee equal to two and one-half (2.5) percent of the increase in equalized assessed value resulting from any additions to existing structures to be used for non-residential purposes.
- 3). Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for nonresidential development:
  - (a). The nonresidential portion of a mixed-use inclusionary or market rate development shall be subject to the two and one-half percent (2.5%) development fee, unless otherwise exempted below.
  - (b). The two and one-half percent (2.5%) fee shall not apply to an increase in equalized assessed value resulting from alterations, change in use within existing footprint, reconstruction, renovations and repairs.
  - (c). Nonresidential projects that have received a Certificate of Occupancy or general development plan approval or have entered into a developer's agreement or a redevelopment agreement, all prior to July 17, 2008 (the effective date of P.L. 2008, c.46), shall be exempt from the payment of nonresidential development fees, provided that an affordable housing fee of at least one percent (1%) of the equalized assessed value of the improvements is included in the development plan, developer's agreement or redevelopment agreement.
  - (d). Nonresidential developments shall be exempt from the payment of nonresidential development fees in accordance with the exemptions required as specified in the Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/ Exemption". Any exemption claimed by a developer shall be substantiated by that developer.
  - (e). A developer of a non-residential development exempted from the non-residential Borough development fee shall be subject to the fee at such time the basis for the exemption no longer applies and shall make the payment of the nonresidential development fee, in that event, within three (3) years after that event or after the issuance of the final Certificate of Occupancy of the non-residential development, whichever is later.
  - (f). If a property which was exempted from the collection of a non-residential development fee thereafter ceases to be exempt from property taxation, the owner of the property shall remit the fees required pursuant to this section within forty-five (45) days of the termination of the property tax exemption. Unpaid nonresidential development fees under these circumstances may be enforceable by Eatontown Borough as a lien against the real property of the owner.

## **2.6. Collection Procedures.**

The Borough of Eatontown shall collect development fees for affordable housing in accordance with the following:

- 1). Upon the granting of a preliminary, final or other applicable approval, for a development, the applicable approving authority shall direct its staff to notify the Borough Construction Code Official responsible for the issuance of a building permit of the applicable approval.
- 2). For nonresidential developments only, the developer shall also be provided with a copy of Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption," to be completed by the developer as per the instructions provided. The Borough Construction Official shall verify the information submitted by the nonresidential developer as per the instructions provided in the Form N-RDF. The Borough Tax Assessor shall verify exemptions and prepare estimated and final assessments as per the instructions provided in Form N-RDF.
- 3). The Borough Construction Official responsible for the issuance of a building permit shall notify the Borough Tax Assessor of the issuance of the first building permit for a development that is subject to a development fee.
- 4). Within ninety (90) days of receipt of that notice, the Borough Tax Assessor, based on the plans filed, shall provide an estimate of the equalized assessed value of the development.
- 5). The Construction Official responsible for the issuance of a final Certificate of Occupancy shall notify the Borough Tax Assessor of any and all requests for the scheduling of a final inspection on a property that is subject to a development fee.

6). Within ten (10) business days of a request for the scheduling of a final inspection, the Borough Tax Assessor shall confirm or modify the previously estimated equalized assessed value of the improvements of the development; calculate the development fee; and thereafter notify the developer of the amount of the fee.

7). Should the Borough fail to determine or notify the developer of the amount of the development fee within ten (10) business days of the request for final inspection, the developer may estimate the amount due and pay that estimated amount consistent with the dispute process set forth in subsection b. of section 37 of P.L.2008, c.46 (C.40:55D-8.6).

8). Fifty percent (50%) of the initially calculated development fee shall be collected at the time of the issuance of the building permit. The remaining portion shall be tendered to Eatontown Borough at the time of the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy. The developer shall be responsible for paying any difference between the fee calculated at the issuance of the building permit and the fee determined at issuance of Certificate of Occupancy.

9). Upon tender of the remaining development fee, provided the developer is in full compliance with all other applicable laws and regulations, the Borough shall issue a final Certificate of Occupancy for the subject property.

10). Regardless of the time of collection of the development fee, the fee shall be based upon the percentage that applies on the date that the construction permit is issued.

11). The Construction Code Official shall forward all collected development fees to Eatontown Borough's Chief Financial Officer who shall deposit such fees into the established "Housing Trust Fund."

## **2.7. Appeal of Development Fees.**

1). A developer may challenge residential development fees imposed due to a disagreement as to the equalized assessed value of the property by filing a challenge with the County Board of Taxation. Such a challenge must be made within 45 days from the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy. Pending a review and determination by the Board, collected fees shall be placed in an interest bearing escrow account by Eatontown Borough. Appeals from a determination of the Board may be made to the tax court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq., within ninety (90) days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party. Other challenges to the imposition of a residential development fee must be brought in the Superior Court as a prerogative writ challenge.

2). A developer may challenge non-residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the Director of the Division of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by the Director, which shall be made within 45 days of receipt of the challenge, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by Eatontown Borough. Appeals from a determination of the Director may be made to the tax court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq., within ninety (90) days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

## **2.8. Affordable Housing Trust Fund.**

1. All collected development fees and any proceeds from the sale of units with extinguished controls shall be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer of the Borough of Eatontown into a separate designated interest-bearing "Housing Trust Fund", which shall be maintained by the Borough Chief Financial Officer.

2. The following additional funds shall be deposited in the "Housing Trust Fund" and shall at all times be identifiable by source and amount:

- a. Recapture funds;
- b. Proceeds from the sale of affordable units;
- c. Rental income from municipally operated units;
- d. Affordable housing enforcement fines and application fees;
- e. Developer contributed funds for barrier free affordable housing pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:97-8.5;
- f. Repayments from affordable housing program loans; and
- g. Any other funds collected in connection with the Borough's affordable housing program.

3. Interest accrued in the Affordable Housing Trust Fund shall only be used on eligible affordable housing activities approved by the Court.

## **2.9. Use of Funds.**

1. The expenditure of all funds shall conform to a spending plan approved by the Court, COAH, or its successor agency. Funds deposited in the Affordable Housing Trust Fund may be used for any activity approved by the Court to address the Borough's fair share obligation and may be set up as a grant or revolving loan program. Such

activities include, but are not limited to:

- a. A housing rehabilitation program;
- b. New construction of affordable housing units and related costs; in the case of inclusionary developments, eligible costs shall be prorated based on the proportion of affordable housing units included in the development;
- c. Accessory apartment, market to affordable, or regional affordable housing partnership programs;
- d. Financial assistance designed to increase affordability;
- e. Conversion of existing nonresidential buildings to create new affordable units;
- f. Purchase of and/or improvement of land to be used for affordable housing;
- g. Purchase of existing market rate or affordable housing for the purpose of maintaining or implementing affordability controls
- h. Extensions or improvements of roads and infrastructure directly serving affordable housing sites; in the case of inclusionary developments, costs shall be pro-rated based on the proportion of affordable housing units included in the development;
- i. Green building strategies designed to be cost-saving and in accordance with accepted national or State standards,
- m. Administration necessary for implementation of the Housing Plan Element and Fair Share Plan, or any other activity as specified in the approved spending plan and as permitted by the Court and specified in the approved Spending Plan.

2. Funds shall not be expended to reimburse the Borough of Eatontown for past housing activities.

3. At least thirty percent (30%) of all development fees collected and interest earned shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very-low, low and moderate-income households in affordable units included in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan. One-third (1/3) of the affordability assistance portion of development fees collected shall be used to provide affordability assistance to those households earning thirty percent (30%) or less of median income for Housing Region 4, in which Eatontown is located.

a). Affordability assistance programs may include down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowner's association or condominium fees and special assessments, and assistance with emergency repairs. The specific programs to be used for affordability assistance shall be identified and described within the Spending Plan.

b). Affordability assistance to households earning thirty percent (30%) or less of median income may include buying down the cost of low or moderate-income units in the municipal Fair Share Plan to make them affordable to households earning thirty percent (30%) or less of median income. The specific programs to be used for very low-income affordability assistance shall be identified and described within the Spending Plan.

c). Payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site, if permitted by Ordinance or by Agreement with the Borough of Eatontown, and funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls shall be exempt from the affordability assistance requirement.

4. The Borough of Eatontown may contract with a private or public entity to administer any part of its Housing Plan Element and Fair Share Plan, including the requirement for affordability assistance.

5. No more than twenty percent (20%) of development fee revenues collected in any given year from the development fees may be expended on administration, including, but not limited to, the salaries and benefits for Eatontown Borough employees or consultant fees necessary to develop or implement a new affordable housing program, a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and/or an affirmative marketing program.

a). In the case of a rehabilitation program, the administrative costs of the rehabilitation program shall be included as part of the twenty percent (20%) of the collected development fees that may be expended on administration.

b). Administrative funds may be used for income qualification of households, monitoring the turnover of sale and rental units, and compliance with COAH and or its successor agency, and/or Court monitoring requirements. All other housing rehabilitation costs are considered programmatic and not administrative. Legal or other fees related to litigation opposing affordable housing sites or related to securing or appealing a judgment from the Court are not eligible uses of the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

## **2.10. Monitoring.**

The Eatontown Borough "Municipal Housing Liaison" shall provide annual reporting of Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity to the State of New Jersey, Department of Community Affairs, Council on Affordable Housing or Local

Government Services, or other entity designated by the State of New Jersey, with a copy provided to Fair Share Housing Center and posted on the municipal website, using forms developed for this purpose by the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs, Council on Affordable Housing or Local Government Services. The reporting shall include an accounting of all Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended. Such reporting shall include an accounting of development fees collected from residential and non-residential developers, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site (if permitted by Ordinance or by Agreement with the Borough), funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls, barrier free escrow funds, repayments from affordable housing program loans, and any other funds collected in connection with the Borough's housing program, as well as an accounting of the expenditures of the revenues and implementation of the Spending Plan approved by the Court.

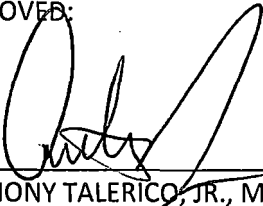
**2.11. Ongoing Collection of Development Fees.**

The ability for the Borough of Eatontown to impose, collect and. expend development fees shall expire with its judgment of repose and compliance and/or substantive certification from COAH unless Eatontown Borough has filed an adopted Housing Element and Fair Share Plan with the Court, COAH or its successor agency, has petitioned for substantive certification or filed a declaratory judgment action seeking court approval of a new Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and has received the Court's or COAH's approval of its development fee ordinance. If the Borough of Eatontown fails to renew its ability to impose and collect development fees prior to the date of expiration of substantive certification, it may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining within its municipal trust fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund" established pursuant to section 20 of P.L. 1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320). The Borough of Eatontown shall not impose a residential development fee on a development that receives preliminary or final site plan approval after the expiration of its substantive certification, or judgment of compliance and repose.

DATE INTRODUCED: August 28, 2019

DATE ADOPTED: October 9, 2019

APPROVED:



ANTHONY TALERICO, JR., MAYOR

Date: 10/11/19

ATTEST:



Corinne DiCorcia, Deputy Municipal Clerk

Date: 10/11/19

