

Eatontown Police Department General Order: CH1-27		
Section: The Administrative Function <u>Internal Affairs</u>		Effective Date: 12/27/2018
Subject: Drug Testing		NJSACOP Standard: 1.3.3
Volume: 1	Chapter: 1	Pages: 22
AG Directive 2018-2: Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy (revised December 2020) Monmouth County Prosecutor:		References: Replaces General Order 13-CH2-02
Issuing Authority: William P. Lucia III – Chief of Police	Revised On:	Page:
	New	
	12/18/2020	6-10
Distribution: All Law Enforcement Employees	Section:	V (all)
	02/27/2023	11
		VII.B

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to set forth uniform methods and procedures for implementing and administering law enforcement drug testing. The policy also seeks to ensure that the employment rights of individual law enforcement officers are safeguarded consistent with existing legal principles.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the Eatontown Police Department to ensure that its members are free from illegal drug use. The critical mission of law enforcement justifies the maintenance of a drug-free work environment through the use of a drug-testing program. It is the goal of this policy to prevent the hiring of those engaged in illegal drug use, deter illegal drug use by law enforcement officers, and to identify and remove those officers engaged in the illegal use of drugs.

The public has a right to expect that those who are sworn to protect them are at all times both physically and mentally capable of doing so. There is sufficient evidence to conclude that the illegal use of controlled dangerous substances and other forms of drug abuse will seriously impair an employee's physical and mental health, and consequently their ability to protect and serve.

III. APPLICABILITY

A. Personnel

1. Applicants for a position as a law enforcement officer who, if appointed, will be responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of this State and will be authorized to carry a firearm under N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6.
2. Law enforcement officer trainees subject to the Police Training Act while they attend a mandatory basic training course.
3. Sworn law enforcement officers who are responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of this State, come under the jurisdiction of the Police Training Act and are authorized to carry a firearm under N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6.

4. The *Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy* does not apply to civilian employees of this agency. Civilian employees will be subject to drug testing as outlined in any collective bargaining agreement and / or the Borough of Eatontown Employee Handbook, Section I, Part G and any other section pertaining to drug testing.

B. Employment Status

Drug testing may be categorized by the employment status of the individual being tested and the method by which the individual was selected for testing. These methods include applicant testing, trainee testing, and officer testing. Testing is required of all police applicants and trainees. Pursuant to AG Directive 2018-2, this agency is required to implement a random drug testing program for all sworn officers in the department. Further, this agency has an obligation to undertake drug testing of individual officers and trainees when there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer or trainee is illegally using drugs.

1. Applicant Testing

The Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy recognizes that drug testing is an important component of a pre-employment background investigation. Thus, prospective employees should be drug tested as a condition of employment. The policy requires this agency to drug test prospective employees at any point during the pre-employment process.

In addition, applicants for employment may be tested as many times as this agency deems necessary to ensure that the applicants are not engaged in the illegal use of drugs. For example, applicants who have been drug tested as part of the application process may be tested again if a significant amount of time has elapsed since the previous step in the employment process.

During the pre-employment process, this agency will ensure that it complies with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) by refraining from making any medical inquiries. Therefore, the medication information form should not be used at the applicant stage, unless a positive test result requires an explanation by the prospective employee.

2. Trainee Testing

Individuals hired as law enforcement officers who are required to attend and successfully complete a mandatory basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission are subject to drug testing during their attendance at a police academy.

Trainees will be required to submit one or more urine specimens for testing while they attend a mandatory basic training course. The drug testing of law enforcement trainees will be conducted by the police academy staff under rules and regulations adopted by the Police Training Commission.

Individual trainees shall also be required to submit a urine specimen for testing when there exists reasonable suspicion to believe that the trainee is illegally using drugs. A trainee shall be ordered to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion only with the approval of the county prosecutor, the Chief of Police, or the academy director.

3. Officer Testing

Sworn law enforcement officers shall be ordered to submit a urine specimen for testing when they have been randomly selected to submit to a drug test. Random selection shall be defined as a method of selection in which each and every sworn member of the law enforcement agency, regardless of rank or assignment, has an equal chance to be selected for drug testing each and every time a selection is conducted.

Sworn law enforcement officers shall also be required to submit a urine specimen for testing when there exists reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer is illegally using drugs. An officer shall be ordered to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion only with the approval of the county prosecutor or the Chief of Police.

Urine specimens may also be collected from law enforcement officers during a regularly scheduled and announced medical examination or a fitness for duty examination. However, the collection and analysis of these specimens are not governed by this policy.

C. Types of Testing

1. Random Testing

Random drug testing of all state, county and local sworn law enforcement officers is required by AG Directive 2018-2. Random selection is defined as a method of selecting employees for drug testing in which every member of the agency, regardless of rank or assignment, has an equal chance of being selected each and every time a selection is made. The number of officers to be selected each time a random test is conducted shall be less than the total number of sworn officers employed by the agency. AG Directive 2018-2 requires a minimum of ten percent of the sworn officers within an agency be randomly tested each time. This agency must perform the random test at least twice in every calendar year. The dates of the selections shall be determined by the Chief of Police.

The Eatontown Police Department shall use a computer program which randomly selects social security numbers from its database. All employees will have an equal chance to be selected for testing each and every time a selection takes place. Members of the Employees Collective Bargaining Unit shall be permitted to witness the selection process. Officers selected who are on Sick leave, Vacation, or other authorized leave will appear as soon as they return from approved leave.

The random selection process should be verified and documented. Any member who discloses the identity of an officer selected for random testing or the fact that a random selection is scheduled to take place prior to the collection of urine specimens shall be subject to disciplinary action.

2. Reasonable Suspicion

This agency will undertake drug testing when there is reasonable suspicion to believe a law enforcement officer is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances.

Reasonable suspicion "requires objective facts which, with inferences, would lead a reasonable person to conclude that drug-related activity is taking or has taken place and that a particular individual is involved in that drug activity."

The reasonable suspicion standard is "less demanding" than the probable cause standard in two ways. First, the amount of evidence needed to satisfy the reasonable suspicion standard is less than that needed to satisfy the probable cause standard. Second, the type of information used to satisfy the reasonable suspicion standard may be "less reliable than that required to show probable cause." The following factors should be evaluated to determine the quality and relevance of the information acquired by the law enforcement agency:

- a.** The nature and source of the information;
- b.** Whether the information constitutes direct evidence or is hearsay in nature;
- c.** The reliability of the informant or source;
- d.** Whether corroborating information exists and the degree to which it corroborates the accusation; and
- e.** Whether and to what extent the information may be stale.

Individual Police Officers, Class II Special Law Enforcement Officers and Class III Special Law Enforcement Officers are required to submit to a drug test when there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer/employee is illegally using drugs. Before an officer or employee is ordered to submit to a drug test, a written report shall be prepared which documents the basis for the reasonable suspicion. The report shall be reviewed by the County Prosecutor or the Chief of Police before a reasonable suspicion test may be ordered. Under emergent circumstances, approval may be given for a reasonable suspicion test on the basis of a verbal report.

A negative test result is a condition of employment and a positive result will result in termination from employment. A positive result for a sworn officer will result in:

- termination of employment
- inclusion of the officer's name in the Central Drug Registry by the Division of State Police
- permanently barred from future Law Enforcement employment in New Jersey.

Any officer or employee who refuses to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion after being lawfully ordered to do so shall be subject to the same penalties as those who test positive for the illegal use of drugs.

IV. NOTIFICATION OF DRUG TESTING PROCEDURES

A. Applicants

This agency will notify applicants for law enforcement positions that the pre-employment process will include drug testing. The notification will also indicate that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will:

1. result in the applicant being dropped from consideration for employment;
2. cause the applicant's name to be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and

3. preclude the applicant from being considered for future law enforcement employment for a period of two years from the date of the drug test.

In addition, the notification will indicate that if the applicant is currently employed by another agency as a sworn law enforcement officer and the officer tests positive for illegal drug use, the officer's employing agency will be notified of the test results and the officer will be terminated from employment and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. Applicants shall be further informed that their refusal to submit to a drug test shall result in their no longer being considered for law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

B. Trainees

All newly appointed law enforcement officers shall be informed that drug testing is mandatory during basic training. Newly appointed officers shall also be informed that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in:

1. the trainee being dismissed from basic training;
2. the trainee's termination from employment;
3. inclusion of the trainee's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and
4. the trainee being permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

Newly appointed officers shall be further informed that the refusal to submit to a drug test shall result in their dismissal from employment and a permanent ban from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey and inclusion of the trainee's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police. Each police academy shall include in its rules and regulations a provision implementing drug testing during basic training.

C. Sworn Law Enforcement Officers

This General Order shall serve as notification to sworn Law Enforcement Officers currently employed by the Eatontown Police Department and subject to provisions outlined within this order;

Individual law enforcement officers will be ordered to submit to a drug test when there is a reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer is illegally using drugs as well as they are subject to mandatory random drug testing pursuant to AG Directive 2018-2. A negative result is a condition of employment as a sworn officer and that a positive result will result in:

1. the officer's termination from employment;
2. inclusion of the officer's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and
3. the officer being permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

Sworn Law Enforcement Officers who refuse to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion or random drug testing after being lawfully ordered to do so are subject to the same penalties as those officers who test positive for the illegal use of drugs. A sworn law enforcement officer who resigns or retires after receiving a lawful order to submit a urine

specimen for drug testing and who does not provide the specimen shall be deemed to have refused to submit to the drug test.

V. SPECIMEN ACQUISITION PROCEDURES

A. Preliminary acquisition procedures

1. The Chief of Police shall designate a member of the staff to serve as monitor of the specimen acquisition process. The monitor shall always be of the same gender as the individual being tested (the donor). In the event there is no member of the same gender available from the agency collecting the specimens, the agency may request that a member of the same gender from another law enforcement agency serve as monitor of the process.
2. Prior to the submission of a specimen, an applicant for a law enforcement position shall execute a form consenting to the collection and analysis of their urine for illegal drugs (Attachment A). The form shall also advise the applicant that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in the consequences outlined in Section IV A of this policy. Applicants are not required to complete a Drug Testing Medication Information form at this time.
3. Prior to the submission of a urine specimen, a trainee enrolled in a basic training course shall execute a form (Attachment B) advising the trainee that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in the consequences outlined in Section IV B of this policy. The form shall also advise the trainee that the refusal to participate in the test process carries the same penalties as testing positive. Trainees shall complete a Drug Testing Medication Information form (Attachment D) listing all prescription medication, non-prescription (over-the- counter) medication, dietary supplements and nutritional supplements that were ingested by the officer during the past 14 days. The Drug Testing Medication Information form shall be placed in an envelope which is sealed by the donor. The donor shall date and initial the seal.
4. Prior to the submission of a urine specimen, an officer shall execute a form (Attachment C) advising the officer that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in the consequences outlined in Section IV C of this policy. The form shall also advise the officer that the refusal to participate in the test process carries the same penalties as testing positive. Sworn officers shall complete the Drug Testing Medication Information form (Attachment D) listing all prescription medication, non-prescription (over-the-counter) medication, dietary supplements and nutritional supplements that were ingested by the officer during the past 14 days. The Drug Testing Medication Information form shall be placed in an envelope which is sealed by the donor. The donor shall date and initial the seal.

B. Monitor's Responsibilities

1. The Internal Affairs Commander shall serve as monitor of the specimen acquisition process. In the event the Internal Affairs Commander is selected for testing the Chief of Police shall serve as monitor. The Chief of Police may designate another officer to monitor applicant specimen collection.
2. The monitor shall always be of the same sex as the individual being tested. In the event there is no member of the same sex available from this department to monitor the specimen collection, a member of the same sex will be requested from another law enforcement agency to serve as monitor of the process.

3. The monitor of the specimen acquisition process shall be responsible for:
 - a. Ensuring that all documentation is fully and accurately completed by the individual submitting the specimen (the donor).
 - b. Collecting specimens in a manner that provides for individual privacy while ensuring the integrity of the specimen. Individual specimens and forms shall be identified throughout the process by the use of donor identification numbers (Donor ID). At no time shall a name appear on any form or specimen container sent to the State Toxicology Laboratory.
 - c. Complying with chain of custody procedures established by the New Jersey State Toxicology Laboratory for the collection and submission for analysis of urine specimens.
 - d. Specimens shall be collected utilizing split collection kits supplied by the State Toxicology Laboratory. Under no circumstances shall a specimen be collected and submitted for analysis in a specimen container that has not been approved by the NJ State Medical Examiner Toxicology Laboratory. It is the responsibility of each agency to contact the Laboratory to obtain the Split Specimen Kits and Forensic Drug Testing Custody and Submission Forms (CSF).
 - e. Collecting and submitting urine specimens in accordance with procedures established by the State Toxicology laboratory.
4. In order to ensure the accuracy and integrity of the collection process a monitor may:
 - a. Direct an individual officer who has been selected for drug testing to remove outer clothing (jackets, sweaters etc.), empty their pockets, and wash their hands under running water, before they produce a specimen.
 - b. Add tinting agents to toilet water and secure the area where the specimens are to be collected prior to specimen collection.
5. If the monitor has reason to believe that an individual officer will attempt to adulterate or contaminate a specimen, substitute another substance or liquid for their specimen, or compromise the integrity of the test process, the monitor may conduct a direct observation of the individual officer. If a monitor concludes that direct observation is necessary, he or she must document the facts supporting the belief that the officer will attempt to compromise the integrity of the test process before there can be direct observation.

C. Urine Specimen Collection Procedure

1. Unless otherwise noted, all steps must be completed by the donor in the presence of the monitor.
2. The monitor completes the agency information, donor identification, and test information sections of the Custody and Submission Form (CSF).
3. The monitor allows the donor to select one NJ Medical Examiner State Toxicology Laboratory issued sealed split specimen collection kit.

4. The donor unseals the split specimen collection kit, removes the specimen bag and specimen containers from the specimen collection container, and places all items on a clean surface.
 - a. The specimen containers shall be kept closed/unsealed at this time.
 - b. The specimen collection container and specimen containers should be kept within view of both the donor and the monitor.
5. The monitor instructs the donor to void a specimen of at least 45 ml into the specimen collection container, to not flush the toilet, and return with the specimen container immediately after the specimen is produced.
6. The monitor checks the specimen for adequate volume and the temperature indicator strip on the specimen container within 4 minutes.
 - a. A color change between 90° and 100° F indicates an acceptable specimen temperature. The monitor indicates if the temperature is acceptable by marking either the "Yes" or "No" box in the specimen collection section of the CSF. If a temperature strip does not indicate the acceptable temperature, the monitor must consider the possibility that the officer attempted to tamper with the collection.
 - b. The monitor must follow the "shy bladder" procedure for donors that initially are unable to produce an adequate amount of urine (See Section D, "Shy Bladder" Procedure).
7. The monitor instructs the donor to split the collected specimen into the specimen containers.
 - a. The donor opens both specimen containers and pours at least 30 ml of urine from the collection container in the primary specimen container and at least 15 ml of urine from the collection container in the secondary specimen container.
 - b. The donor secures both specimen containers by placing and securing the lids/caps on the specimen containers.
8. The monitor instructs the donor to seal the specimen containers with tamper-evidence seals from the CSF.
 - a. The donor carefully removes the Bottle A Specimen Container Security Seal from the CSF and places it over the lid/cap and down the sides of the primary specimen container with the greater volume of urine (30 ml).
 - b. The donor carefully removes the Bottle B (SPLIT) Specimen Container Security Seal from the CSF and places it over the lid/cap and down the sides of the secondary specimen container with the lesser volume of urine (15 ml).
 - c. After the seals are placed on the specimen containers, the donor writes the collection date and his or her initials in the space provided on the security seals to certify that the specimen containers contain the specimen that he or she provided.
9. The monitor prints his/her name, signs and dates the monitor/agency acknowledgement section of the CSF.

- 10.** The monitor instructs the donor to place both specimens in the front pouch of the specimen bag that contains the absorbent pad.
- 11.** The monitor separates the white laboratory copy of the CSF, folds it, and places it in the rear pouch of the specimen bag along with the sealed medication information sheet, if provided.
- 12.** The monitor seals the specimen bag by removing the release liner from the flap and folding the blue adhesive flap to cover the cross hatch slit opening.
- 13.** Any remaining urine and the specimen collection container may be discarded.
- 14.** The monitor will take possession of the sealed specimen bag and ensure that it is delivered to the NJ State Medical Examiner Toxicology Laboratory in a timely manner (See Section V. Submission of Specimens for Analysis below).

D. "Shy Bladder" Procedure

- 1.** When a donor initially produces an inadequate amount of urine, the monitor must take the following steps:
 - a.** Advise the donor to remain on the premises and under the supervision of the test monitor until the monitor is satisfied that the donor cannot produce a specimen.
 - b.** While the donor is under supervision, allow the donor to drink up to 40 ounces of fluids distributed reasonably over a period of up to three hours in an attempt to induce the production of a specimen.
 - c.** Under no circumstances should multiple voids be combined to produce an adequate sample volume.
- 2.** If the donor remains unable to provide a specimen after a reasonable period of time, the monitor may have the donor examined by a doctor to determine whether the inability to produce a specimen was the result of a medical or physical infirmity or constituted a refusal to cooperate with the drug testing process.

E. Second Specimen

- 1.** A donor whose specimen tested positive may only challenge the positive test result by having the second specimen independently tested. The first specimen will not be retested.
- 2.** The split specimen will be maintained at the Laboratory for a minimum of one year following the receipt of a positive drug test result from the Laboratory by the submitting agency.
- 3.** The split specimen will be released by the NJSTL under the following circumstances:
 - a.** The agency is notified by the State Toxicology Laboratory that the first specimen tested positive for a controlled substance;
 - b.** The agency notifies the donor that the first specimen tested positive for a controlled substance; and
 - c.** The agency is informed by the donor whose specimen tested positive that he / she wishes to challenge the positive test result.

4. The positive urine donor must designate, from a list maintained by the NJSTL, a laboratory that is certified by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and accredited by the College of American Pathologists (CAP) to conduct workplace urine drug testing, and pay all costs associated with the reception and testing of the sample.
 - a. The State Toxicology Laboratory maintains an up-to-date list of SAMHSA and CAP certified laboratories and will furnish that list upon request.
5. A representative of the second test laboratory may, in person, take possession of the second sample in accordance with accepted chain of custody procedures or the sample may be sent to the laboratory by pre-paid tracking mail also following accepted chain of custody procedures.
6. Following testing of the second specimen, the independent laboratory will report the result of the second specimen drug test to the donor, this agency, and to the medical review officer.

VI. SUBMISSION OF SPECIMENS FOR ANALYSIS

- A. The State Toxicology Laboratory is the only facility approved for the analysis of law enforcement drug tests conducted under the Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy. The Eatontown Police Department is not permitted to use any other facility or laboratory for the purpose of analyzing urine specimens for illegal drug use by law enforcement officers.
- B. Urine specimens should be submitted to the State Toxicology Laboratory as soon as possible after their collection. In the event specimens cannot be submitted to the laboratory within one working day of its collection, this agency shall store the specimens in a controlled access refrigerated storage area until submission to the State Toxicology Laboratory (Attachment E).
- C. Submission of specimens to the State Toxicology Laboratory may be accomplished by personnel from this agency or commercial courier using "next day delivery." Specimens submitted by commercial courier must be packaged to ensure their integrity.
- D. All specimens must be accompanied by the Law Enforcement Drug Testing Custody and Submission Form which can be obtained from the lab and the sealed envelope containing the Medication Information Form. The State Toxicology Laboratory will inspect all documentation to ensure that it has been properly completed. Failure to include the appropriate documentation with each submission will cause the Laboratory to delay conducting an analysis of the specimen or specimens until the missing documentation is submitted.
- E. In addition to ensuring that the appropriate documentation has been completed and submitted for each specimen, the State Toxicology Laboratory shall inspect each specimen for damage and evidence of tampering.
 1. The Laboratory may reject any specimen it has reason to believe has been tampered with or is damaged; and
 2. Notify this agency in writing with the reason for rejection clearly stated.

VII. ANALYSIS OF SPECIMENS

- A.** The analysis of the first specimen shall be done in accordance with currently accepted procedures adopted by the State Toxicology Laboratory. These procedures shall include but not be limited to security of the test specimens, chain of custody, initial screening and confirmation testing, parent drug and metabolite cut-off levels and the issuance of test reports. In addition to the controlled substances listed below, the Chief of Police may request that specimens be analyzed for the presence of steroids.
- B.** The Laboratory's drug testing procedures will screen specimens for the following controlled substances:
 - Amphetamines
 - Barbiturates
 - Benzodiazepines
 - Cocaine
 - Phencyclidine
 - Methadone
 - Opiates
 - Oxycodone/Oxymorphone
 - Marijuana / Cannabis (only to be included in the testing process when: the officer is assigned to a federal task force; the officer holds a federally regulated license, which requires testing (e.g. pilot or commercial driver's license); the law enforcement agency is specifically required to test by the terms of a federal contract or federal grant; or as outlined in the reasonable suspicion sections outlining drug testing).
- C.** The State Toxicology Laboratory utilizes a two-stage procedure to analyze specimens.
 - 1.** In the first stage, all specimens will undergo an initial screening. The initial screening determines whether one or more of the nine substances listed and/or their metabolites are present at or above a designated cutoff. All presumptive positive specimens will undergo a second and more specific type of testing.
 - 2.** The second type of testing will employ mass spectrometry detection for the definitive identification and quantitation of drugs and/or metabolites presumptively identified by the initial screen.
- D.** When a specimen tests positive at both the initial stage and the second stage, a medical review officer assigned to the State Toxicology Laboratory will review the test results together with the medication information form submitted for the specimen. The medical review officer will seek to determine whether any of the substances listed on the form would explain the positive test result. The medical review officer may direct the agency that collected the sample to obtain further information from the individual being tested concerning the medications listed on the medical information form. The medical review officer will then issue a report indicating whether or not the sample tested positive due to a listed medication on the medication information form.
- E.** Applicants for law enforcement employment are not required to submit a Drug Testing Medication Information form with their specimen. Therefore, if an applicant tests positive, this agency, following notification from the State Toxicology Laboratory, must have the candidate complete the Drug Testing Medication Information form (Attachment D). Once the form has

been completed, the agency is responsible for transmitting the form to the Laboratory. A review of the form will be conducted by the medical review officer as outlined above.

F. In addition to the testing outlined above, specimens submitted to the State Toxicology Laboratory may be tested for additional substances at the request of the law enforcement agency submitting the specimen. The State Toxicology Laboratory has the ability through its own facilities, as well as facilities employed as reference laboratories, to arrange drug testing for steroid abuse, as well as other currently abused chemicals.

VIII. DRUG TEST RESULTS

- A. The State Toxicology Laboratory will provide written test results for every specimen submitted for analysis. All efforts will be made to deliver these reports within 15 working days of the submission. Reports will be addressed to the contact person listed on the specimen submission record. Positive test results will be sent to the contact person by certified mail.
- B. In some cases, the State Toxicology Laboratory will report that a specimen tested positive for a particular substance and that the information on the medication information form explains the test result. For example, the Laboratory may report that a specimen tested positive for barbiturates and a prescription for that barbiturate was listed on the form by the officer. At this point, it is the responsibility of the submitting agency to determine whether the officer had a valid prescription for that drug. Officers who do not have a valid prescription are subject to disciplinary action including, termination by the agency.
- C. Under no circumstances will the State Toxicology Laboratory provide this agency with verbal reports of drug test results. In addition, no individual from this agency may ask the Laboratory to conduct a second analysis of a specimen that has already been analyzed.

IX. CONSEQUENCES OF A POSITIVE TEST RESULT

- A. When an applicant tests positive for illegal drug use:
 1. The applicant shall be immediately removed from consideration for employment by this agency.
 2. The applicant shall be reported to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police by this agency.
 3. The applicant shall be precluded from consideration for future law enforcement employment by any law enforcement agency in New Jersey for a period of two years.
 4. Where the applicant is currently employed by another agency as a sworn law enforcement officer, the officer's current employer shall be notified of the positive test result. Under these circumstances, the officer's current employer is required to dismiss the officer from employment and also report his or her name to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.
- B. When a trainee tests positive for illegal drug use, subject to rules adopted by the Police Training Commission:
 1. The trainee shall be immediately dismissed from basic training subject to rules adopted by the Police Training Commission and suspended from employment by the Eatontown Police Department.
 2. Upon final disciplinary action by this agency, the trainee shall be terminated from

employment as a law enforcement officer.

3. The trainee shall be reported to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.
4. The trainee shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

C. When a sworn law enforcement officer tests positive for illegal drug use:

1. The officer shall be immediately suspended from all duties.
2. The officer shall be administratively charged and, upon final disciplinary action, terminated from employment as a law enforcement officer.
3. The officer shall be reported by this agency to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.
4. The officer shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

X. CONSEQUENCES OF A REFUSAL TO SUBMIT TO A DRUG TEST

- A. Applicants who refuse to submit to a drug test during the pre-employment process shall be immediately removed from consideration for law enforcement employment and barred from consideration for future law enforcement employment for period a of two years from the date of the refusal. In addition, the Eatontown Police Department shall forward the applicant's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test.
- B. Trainees who refuse to submit to a drug test during basic training shall be immediately removed from the academy and immediately suspended from employment. Upon a finding that the trainee did in fact refuse to submit a sample, the trainee shall be terminated from law enforcement employment and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. In addition, the appointing authority shall forward the trainee's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test.
- C. Sworn law enforcement officers who refuse to submit to a drug test ordered in response to reasonable suspicion or random selection shall be immediately suspended from employment. Upon a finding that the officer did in fact refuse to submit a sample, the officer shall be terminated from the Eatontown Police Department and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. In addition, the Eatontown Police Department shall forward the officer's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test. Please note that if there is no valid reason why an officer cannot produce a specimen, the officer's actions will be treated as a refusal. In addition, any Eatontown Police Officer who resigns or retires after receiving a lawful order to submit a urine specimen for drug testing and who does not provide the specimen shall be deemed to have refused to submit to the drug test.

XI. RESIGNATION/RETIREMENT IN LIEU OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Any Eatontown Police Officer who tests positive for illegal drug use or refuses to submit to a drug

test, and who resigns or retires in lieu of disciplinary action or prior to the completion of final disciplinary action, shall be reported by the Eatontown Police Department to the Central Drug Registry and shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

XII. RECORD KEEPING

- A.** The Internal Affairs Unit shall maintain all records relating to the drug testing of applicants, trainees and law enforcement officers.
- B.** The drug testing records shall include but not be limited to:
 - 1.** All drug testing:
 - a.** the identity of those ordered to submit urine samples;
 - b.** the reason for that order;
 - c.** the date the urine was collected;
 - d.** the monitor of the collection process;
 - e.** the chain of custody of the urine sample from the time it was collected until the time it was received by the State Toxicology Laboratory;
 - f.** the results of the drug testing;
 - g.** copies of notifications to the subject;
 - h.** for any positive result, documentation from the officer's physician that the medication was lawfully prescribed and does not render the officer unfit for duty;
 - i.** for any positive result or refusal, appropriate documentation of disciplinary action.
 - 2.** Random drug testing, the records shall also include the following information:
 - a.** a description of the process used to randomly select officers for drug testing;
 - b.** the date selection was made;
 - c.** a copy of the document listing the identities of those selected for drug testing;
 - d.** a list of those who were actually tested; and
 - e.** the date(s) those officers were tested.
- C.** Drug testing records shall be maintained with the level of confidentiality required for internal

affairs files pursuant to the New Jersey Internal Affairs Policy and Procedures.

XIII. CENTRAL DRUG REGISTRY

- A.** The Eatontown Police Department shall notify the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police of the identity of applicants, trainees and sworn law enforcement officers who test positive for the illegal use of drugs or refuse an order to submit to a drug test (Attachment F).
- B.** Any Eatontown Police Officer who tests positive for illegal drug use or refuses to submit to a drug test, and who resigns or retires in lieu of disciplinary action or prior to the completion of final disciplinary action, shall be reported by this agency to the Central Drug Registry and shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
- C.** Notifications to the Central Drug Registry shall include the following information as to each individual:
 1. Name and address of the submitting agency and contact person;
 2. Name of the individual who tested positive;
 3. Last known address of the individual;
 4. Date of birth;
 5. Social Security Number;
 6. SBI Number (if known);
 7. Gender;
 8. Race;
 9. Eye Color;
 10. Substance the individual tested positive for, or circumstances of the refusal to submit a urine sample;
 11. Date of the drug test or refusal;
 12. Date of final dismissal or separation from the agency, and;
 13. Whether the individual was an applicant, trainee or sworn law enforcement officer;
- D.** The certification section of the notification form must be completed by the Chief of Police, and

General Order: CH1-27
Drug Testing

notarized with a raised seal.

E. Notifications to the central registry shall be sent to:

**Division of State Police
State Bureau of Identification
Central Drug Registry
P.O. Box 7068
West Trenton, New Jersey 08628-0068**

F. Information contained in the central registry may be released by the Division of State Police only under the following circumstances:

- 1. In response to an inquiry from a criminal justice agency as part of the background investigation process for prospective or new personnel; and**
- 2. In response to a court order.**

IV. CLOSING

A. All police procedures heretofore employed by this Department which conflict with this order are hereby rescinded.

B. Supervisors shall be held accountable for the enforcement and application of this order.

All members of the Eatontown Police Department are required to follow this order as applicable. Violations of this order subject members of the agency to disciplinary action.

By Order Of:



William P. Lucia III – Chief of Police



ATTACHMENT A

DRUG TESTING

APPLICANT NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, _____, understand that as part of the pre-employment process, the _____ will conduct a comprehensive background investigation to determine my suitability for the position for which I have applied.

I understand that as part of this process, I will undergo drug testing through urinalysis. I understand that a negative drug test result is a condition of employment. I understand that if I refuse to undergo the testing, I will be rejected from employment.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, I will be rejected for employment.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use or refuse to take the test, that information will be forwarded to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police. Information from that registry can be made available by court order or as part of a confidential investigation relating to employment with a criminal justice agency.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use and am not currently employed as a sworn law enforcement officer, I will be barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey for two years from the date of the test. After this two-year period, the positive test result may be considered in evaluating my fitness for future criminal justice employment.

I understand that if I am currently employed as a sworn law enforcement officer and I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, my current law enforcement employer will be notified of the positive test result. In addition, I will be dismissed from my law enforcement position and I will be permanently barred from law enforcement employment.

I have read and understand the information contained on this "Applicant Notice and Acknowledgment" form. I agree to undergo drug testing through urinalysis as part of the pre-employment process.

Signature of Applicant

Date

Signature of Witness

Date



ATTACHMENT B

DRUG TESTING

TRAINEE NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, _____, understand that as part of the program of training at the _____, I will undergo unannounced drug testing by urinalysis during the training period.

I understand that a negative drug test result is a condition of my continued attendance at the above listed training program. I understand that if I refuse to undergo the testing, I will be dismissed from the training program and from my law enforcement position.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, I will be dismissed from the academy.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, the academy will notify my employer of the positive test result. In addition, I will be permanently dismissed from my law enforcement position.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use or refuse to take the test, that information will be forwarded to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police. Information from that registry can be made available by court order or as part of a confidential investigation relating to employment with a criminal justice agency.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, I will be permanently barred from serving as a law enforcement officer in New Jersey.

I have read and understand the information contained on this "Trainee Notice and Acknowledgment" form. I agree to undergo drug testing through urinalysis as part of the academy training program.

Signature of Trainee

Date

Signature of Witness

Date



ATTACHMENT C

DRUG TESTING
OFFICER NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, _____, understand that as part of my employment with _____, I am required to undergo unannounced drug testing by urinalysis either through a random drug testing procedure or where there is reasonable suspicion to believe I am illegally using drugs.

I understand that a negative drug test result is a condition of my continued employment as a sworn officer at the above listed department.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, it will result in my termination from employment.

I understand that if I refuse to undergo testing, it will result in the same penalties as a positive test for the illegal use of drugs.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use or refuse to take the test, the information will be forwarded to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police. Information from that registry can be made available by court order or as part of a confidential investigation relating to my employment with a criminal justice agency.

I understand that if I produce a positive test result for illegal drug use, I will be permanently barred from future employment as a law enforcement officer in New Jersey.

I understand that if I resign or retire after receiving a lawful order to submit a urine specimen for drug testing and do not provide the specimen, I shall be deemed to have refused to submit to the drug test.

I have read and understand the information contained on this "Officer Notice and Acknowledgment" form. I agree to undergo drug testing through urinalysis as a condition of my continued employment as required by law.

Signature of Officer

Date

Signature of Witness

Date



ATTACHMENT D

DRUG TESTING MEDICATION
INFORMATION

As part of the drug testing process, it is essential that you inform us of all medications you have taken in the last fourteen (14) days. Please *carefully* complete the information below.

Check all that apply:

A. During the past 14 days I have taken the following medication prescribed by a physician:

	Name of Medication	Prescribing Physician	Date Last Taken
1			
2			
3			

B. During the past 14 days, I have taken the following non-prescription medications (cough medicine, cold tablets, aspirin, diet medication, nutritional supplements, etc.)

	Name of Medication	Date Last Taken
1		
2		
3		

C. During the past 14 days, I have taken NO prescription or non-prescription medications.

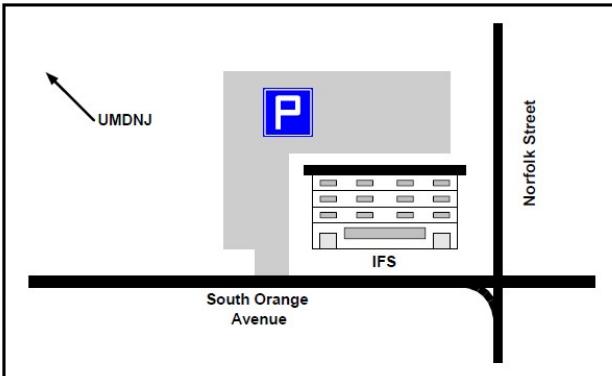
Social Security Number and Initials

Date



ATTACHMENT E

Directions to



State Toxicology Laboratory Edwin H. Albano Institute of Forensic Science (IFS)

325 Norfolk Street
Newark, New Jersey
973-648-3915

From Garden State Parkway North:

1. Take Exit 144, South Orange Avenue.
2. Make a right on South Orange Avenue.
3. Continue about 25 blocks to intersection at Bergen Street (UMDNJ campus is on left.)
4. Continue down South Orange Avenue past traffic light to driveway on left before two story brick building (IFS).

From Garden State Parkway South:

1. Take Exit 145, East Orange.
2. Take 1-280 East to first exit (Newark).
3. Make a right on First Street. This becomes Bergen Street.
4. Continue to fifth traffic light at South Orange Avenue.
5. Make a left.
6. Continue down South Orange Avenue past traffic light to driveway on left before two story brick building (IFS).

From New Jersey Turnpike North:

1. Take Exit 14, Newark.
2. After toll plaza, take 1-78 West (express or local).
3. Take Exit 56, Hillside Avenue.
4. Continue on Hillside Avenue to end at Avon Avenue.
5. Make left on Avon Avenue.
6. Continue one block to traffic light on Irvine Turner Blvd.
7. Make right on Irvine Turner Blvd. (which becomes Jones St.) and continue to traffic light at South Orange Avenue.
8. Turn left and enter first driveway on right behind two story brick building (IFS).

From New Jersey Turnpike South:

1. Take Exit 15W to 1-280 West to Exit 14B, Clifton Avenue.
2. At the traffic light, make a left.
3. Continue on Clifton Avenue to eighth traffic light at South Orange Avenue and Norfolk Street.
4. Turn right and enter first driveway on right behind two story brick building (IFS).



ATTACHMENT F

**NOTIFICATION TO THE CENTRAL
DRUG REGISTRY**

AGENCY SUBMITTING					
AGENCY			PHONE		
ADDRESS		CITY		STATE	ZIP
CONTACT PERSON		TITLE		PHONE	
PERSON TO BE ENTERED					
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	INITIAL	GENDER	RACE	EYE COLOR
THIS PERSON WAS: <input type="checkbox"/> APPLICANT <input type="checkbox"/> TRAINEE <input type="checkbox"/> SWORN OFFICER- RANDOM <input type="checkbox"/> SWORN OFFICER- REASONABLE SUSPICION					
ADDRESS					
CITY		STATE		ZIP	
DOB	SSN	SBI NUMBER (IF KNOWN)			
REASON FOR NOTIFICATION					
THE PERSON LISTED ABOVE <input type="checkbox"/> TESTED POSITIVE FOR _____ (IDENTIFY SUBSTANCE) OR <input type="checkbox"/> REFUSED TO SUBMIT A URINE SAMPLE					
DATE OF THE DRUG TEST OR REFUSAL			DATE OF FINAL DISMISSAL OR SEPARATION FROM AGENCY		
CERTIFICATION (Must be completed by Chief or Director. Must be notarized with raised seal)					
I hereby affirm that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.					
Print Name	Title			Signature	
Sworn and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, _____ (Seal)					

Mail to: Division of State Police
 Records and Identification Section
 P.O. Box 7068
 West Trenton, New Jersey 08628-0068